

Edgar Filing: DOLLAR TREE STORES INC - Form 10-Q

DOLLAR TREE STORES INC
Form 10-Q
May 11, 2001

FORM 10-Q

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549

(Mark One)

Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15 (d) of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2001

Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities
Exchange Act of 1934

Commission File Number: 0-25464

DOLLAR TREE STORES, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Virginia
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

54-1387365
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

500 Volvo Parkway
Chesapeake, Virginia 23320
(Address of principal executive offices)

Telephone Number (757) 321-5000
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports
required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of
1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the
registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such
filing requirements for the past 90 days:

Yes (X)

No ()

As of May 10, 2001, there were 112,177,944 shares of the Registrant's Common
Stock outstanding.

DOLLAR TREE STORES, INC.
AND SUBSIDIARIES

INDEX

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Page

Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements:

Edgar Filing: DOLLAR TREE STORES INC - Form 10-Q

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets	
March 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000.....	3
Condensed Consolidated Income Statements	
Three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000.....	4
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	
Three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000.....	5
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.....	6
Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.....	9
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.....	14

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.....	15
Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K.....	15
Signatures.....	16

2

DOLLAR TREE STORES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands, except share data)

	March 31, 2001 ---- (unaudited)
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents.....	\$ 65,984
Merchandise inventories.....	354,911
Deferred tax asset.....	7,733
Prepaid expenses and other current assets.....	28,096 -----
Total current assets.....	456,724 -----
Property and equipment, net.....	226,371
Deferred tax asset.....	1,976
Goodwill, net.....	39,872
Other assets, net.....	16,118 -----
TOTAL ASSETS.....	\$ 741,061 =====

Edgar Filing: DOLLAR TREE STORES INC - Form 10-Q

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable.....	\$ 81,936
Income taxes payable.....	12,426
Other current liabilities.....	31,873
Current portion of long-term debt.....	25,000
Current installments of obligations under capital leases.....	3,611

Total current liabilities.....	154,846

Long-term debt, excluding current portion.....	18,000
Obligations under capital leases, excluding current installments.....	24,254
Other liabilities (Note 5).....	12,691

Total liabilities.....	209,791

Shareholders' equity (Notes 5 and 6):	
Common stock, par value \$0.01. 300,000,000 shares authorized, 112,140,038 shares issued and outstanding March 31, 2001; and 112,046,201 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2000.....	1,121
Additional paid-in capital.....	158,535
Accumulated other comprehensive income.....	74
Retained earnings.....	371,540

Total shareholders' equity.....	531,270

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY.....	\$ 741,061
	=====

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

DOLLAR TREE STORES, INC.
AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS
(In thousands, except per share data)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months March

	2001

Net sales.....	\$ 387,319
Cost of sales	255,858

Gross profit	131,461

Edgar Filing: DOLLAR TREE STORES INC - Form 10-Q

Selling, general and administrative expenses:	
Operating expenses.....	101,691
Depreciation and amortization.....	11,831

Total selling, general and administrative expenses.....	113,522

Operating income.....	17,939
Other income (expense):	
Interest income.....	1,681
Interest expense.....	(1,294)
Other, net (Note 5).....	(792)

Total other expense.....	(405)

Income before income taxes.....	17,534
Provision for income taxes.....	6,751

Net income.....	10,783
Less: Preferred stock dividends and accretion.....	--

Net income available to common shareholders.....	\$ 10,783
	=====
Net income per share (Note 4):	
Basic.....	\$ 0.10
	=====
Diluted.....	\$ 0.10
	=====
See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.	

DOLLAR TREE STORES, INC.
AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(In thousands)
(Unaudited)

Three Month
March

2001

Cash flows from operating activities:

Edgar Filing: DOLLAR TREE STORES INC - Form 10-Q

Net income.....	\$ 10,783

Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization.....	11,831
Loss on disposal of property and equipment.....	367
Change in lease loss.....	(148)
Change in fair value of interest rate swaps.....	792
Provision for deferred income taxes.....	104
Tax benefit of stock option exercises.....	444
Other non-cash adjustments to net income.....	4
Changes in assets and liabilities increasing (decreasing) cash and cash equivalents:	
Merchandise inventories.....	(96,224)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets.....	1,274
Other assets.....	(229)
Accounts payable.....	6,532
Income taxes payable.....	(11,022)
Other current liabilities.....	(15,062)
Other liabilities.....	1,477

Net cash used in operating activities.....	(89,077)

Cash flows from investing activities:	
Capital expenditures.....	(26,325)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment.....	13

Net cash used in investing activities.....	(26,312)

Cash flows from financing activities:	
Proceeds from revolving credit facilities.....	--
Repayment of long-term debt and facility fees.....	(239)
Principal payments under capital lease obligations.....	(865)
Proceeds from stock issued pursuant to stock-based compensation plans ...	1,311

Net cash provided by financing activities.....	207

Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents.....	(115,182)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period.....	181,166

Cash and cash equivalents at end of period.....	\$ 65,984
	=====
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:	
Cash paid for:	
Interest, net of amount capitalized.....	958
Income taxes.....	17,225
Non-cash investing activities:	
Purchase of equipment under capital lease obligation.....	--

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Edgar Filing: DOLLAR TREE STORES INC - Form 10-Q

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The condensed consolidated financial statements at March 31, 2001, and for the three-month period then ended, are unaudited and reflect all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position and operating results for the interim period.

The condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto, together with management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2000, contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed March 30, 2001. The results of operations for the three-month period ended March 31, 2001 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the entire year ending December 31, 2001.

Certain 2000 amounts have been reclassified for comparability with the 2001 financial statement presentation.

2. REVOLVING CREDIT FACILITY AND LETTERS OF CREDIT

Effective March 12, 2001, the Company entered into a Revolving Credit Facility with its banks (Revolver Agreement). The Revolver Agreement provides for, among other things: (1) a \$50.0 million revolving line of credit, bearing interest at the agent bank's prime interest rate or LIBOR, plus a spread, at the option of the Company; and (2) an annual facilities fee, calculated as a percentage, as defined, of the amount available under the line of credit, and annual administrative fee payable quarterly. The Revolver Agreement, among other things, requires the maintenance of certain specified financial ratios, restricts the payment of certain distributions and prohibits the incurrence of certain new indebtedness. The Revolver Agreement matures on March 11, 2002.

Effective March 12, 2001, the Company entered into a Letter of Credit Reimbursement and Security Agreement that terminates on March 11, 2002. The agreement provides \$125.0 million for letters of credit, which are generally issued in relation to routine purchases of imported merchandise. The Company's existing \$135.0 million revolving credit facility, which included provisions for letters of credit, was terminated concurrent with entering into the new facilities discussed above.

3. OPERATING LEASE AGREEMENT

Effective March 12, 2001, the Company entered into an operating lease facility (Lease Facility) with its banks. The Lease Facility provides for, among other things: (1) a \$165.0 million operating lease facility, bearing interest at the agent bank's prime interest rate or LIBOR, plus a spread, at the option of the Company; and (2) an annual facilities fee, calculated as a percentage of the amount available under the facility and annual administrative fee payable quarterly. The Lease Facility, among other things, requires the maintenance of certain specified financial ratios, restricts the payment of certain distributions and prohibits the incurrence of certain new indebtedness. Approximately \$93.0 million is committed to the Savannah, Briar Creek and Stockton distribution centers. In addition, approximately \$20.0 million is committed for expansion of the Stockton distribution

center. This facility replaced the operating lease facilities for the Savannah, Briar Creek and Stockton distribution centers and expires in March 2006.

Under this type of agreement, the lessor purchases the property, pays for the construction costs and subsequently leases the facility to the Company. The lease provides for a residual value guarantee and includes a purchase option

Edgar Filing: DOLLAR TREE STORES INC - Form 10-Q

based on the outstanding property costs plus any unpaid interest and rents under the lease agreement. Each reporting period, the Company estimates its liability under the residual value guarantee and, if necessary, records additional rent expense on a straight-line basis over the remaining lease term.

4. NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE

The following table sets forth the calculation of basic and diluted net income per common share:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2001	2000
	(In thousands, except per share data)	
Basic net income per common share:		
Net income	\$ 10,783	\$ 13,952
Less: Preferred stock dividends and accretion	--	1,076
	10,783	12,876
	=====	=====
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding.....	112,097	99,032
	=====	=====
Basic net income per common share.....	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.13
	=====	=====
Diluted net income per common share:		
Net income available to common shareholders.....	\$ 10,783	\$ 12,876
	=====	=====
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding.....	112,097	99,032
Dilutive effect of stock options and warrants (as determined by applying the treasury stock method).....	667	9,615
	-----	-----
Weighted average number of common shares and dilutive potential common shares outstanding.....	112,764	108,647
	=====	=====
Diluted net income per common share.....	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.12
	=====	=====

At March 31, 2001, 729,643 stock options are not included in the calculation of the weighted average number of common shares and dilutive potential common shares outstanding because their effect would be anti-dilutive.

On March 20, 2001, the Board of Directors granted options to employees under the Company's Stock Incentive Plan to purchase 1,505,000 shares of the Company's common stock.

5. ACCOUNTING CHANGE

Effective January 1, 2001, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." This statement, as amended by SFAS No. 138, establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments, including derivative instruments embedded in other contracts, and for hedging activities. The Company's interest rate swaps at January 1, 2001 do not qualify for hedge

Edgar Filing: DOLLAR TREE STORES INC - Form 10-Q

accounting pursuant to the provisions of SFAS No. 133. As a result, the interest rate swaps were recorded at their fair values in the consolidated balance sheet on January 1, 2001 as a component of "accumulated other comprehensive income" (see Note 6). The changes in their fair values during the first quarter were recorded currently in earnings as a component of "other, net."

6. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The Company's comprehensive income reflects the effect of recording derivative financial instruments pursuant to SFAS No. 133. The following table provides a reconciliation of net income to total comprehensive income:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2001	2000
	----	----
	(In thousands)	
Net income.....	\$ 10,783	\$ 13,952
Cumulative effect of change in accounting for derivative financial instruments (net of \$44 tax expense).....	70	--
Other comprehensive income.....	4	--
	-----	-----
Total comprehensive income.....	\$ 10,857	\$ 13,952
	=====	=====

The cumulative effect recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income is being amortized over the remaining lives of the related interest rate swaps.

7. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On April 12, 2001, the Company entered into a \$25.0 million interest rate swap agreement (swap) to manage the risk associated with interest rate fluctuations on a portion of its \$165.0 million operating lease facility. The swap creates the economic equivalent of a fixed rate lease by converting the variable interest rate to a fixed rate. Under this agreement, the Company pays interest to a financial institution at a fixed rate of 5.43%. In exchange, the financial institution pays the Company at a variable interest rate, which approximates the floating rate on the lease agreement, excluding the credit spread. The interest rate on the swap is subject to adjustment monthly consistent with the interest rate adjustment on the operating lease facility. The swap is effective through March 2006. This interest rate swap qualifies for hedge accounting treatment in accordance with SFAS No. 133. Accordingly, changes in the fair value of the interest rate swap will be reported in the consolidated balance sheets as a component of "accumulated other comprehensive income." These amounts will be subsequently reclassified into rent expense as a yield adjustment in the period in which the related interest on the variable rate obligations affects earnings.

8

Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

INTRODUCTORY NOTE: Unless otherwise stated, references to "we," "our" and "us" generally refer to Dollar Tree Stores, Inc. and its direct and indirect subsidiaries on a consolidated basis.

A WARNING ABOUT FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS: This document contains "forward-looking statements" as that term is used in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements address future events, developments or results and typically use words such as believe, anticipate, expect, intend, plan or estimate. For example, our forward-looking statements include statements regarding:

Edgar Filing: DOLLAR TREE STORES INC - Form 10-Q

- o our anticipated comparable store net sales;
- o our growth plans, including our plans to add, expand or relocate stores;
- o the integration of Dollar Express into our business, including the continued operation of the Philadelphia distribution center;
- o a possible increase in shrink resulting from an increase in the percentage of larger format stores that we operate;
- o the possible effect of inflation and other economic changes on our future costs and profitability; and
- o our cash needs, including our ability to fund our future capital expenditures and working capital requirements.

These forward-looking statements are subject to numerous risks and uncertainties that may affect us including:

- o adverse weather and economic conditions, such as consumer confidence;
- o possible difficulties in meeting our sales and other expansion goals and anticipated comparable store net sales results, which may result in loss of leverage of selling, general and administrative expenses;
- o the difficulties and uncertainties in adding and operating larger stores, with which we have less experience;
- o the seasonality of our sales, including the shift of Easter from April 23 in 2000 to April 15 in 2001, and the importance of our fourth quarter operating results;
- o increases in the cost of or disruption of the flow of our imported goods, especially from China;
- o the difficulties in managing our aggressive growth plans, including opening stores on a timely basis;
- o possible delays, costs and other difficulties in integrating Dollar Express with our business;

9

- o possible increases in merchandise costs, shipping rates, freight costs, fuel costs, wage levels, inflation, competition and other adverse economic factors; and
- o the capacity and performance of our distribution system and our ability to expand its capacity in time to support our sales growth.

For a discussion of the risks, uncertainties and assumptions that could affect our future events, developments or results, you should carefully review the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Business" sections in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed March 30, 2001. Also, carefully review "Risk Factors" in our most recent prospectuses filed November 15, 2000 and August 3, 2000.

In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the future events, developments or results described by our forward-looking statements in this document could turn out to be materially different from those we discuss or imply. We have no obligation to publicly update or revise our forward-looking statements after the date of this quarterly report and you should not expect us to do so.

Edgar Filing: DOLLAR TREE STORES INC - Form 10-Q

Results of Operations

The Three Months Ended March 31, 2001 Compared To The Three Months Ended March 31, 2000

Net Sales. Net sales increased 18.4% to \$387.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001 from \$327.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2000. This \$60.2 million increase in net sales resulted from sales at stores that are not included in our comparable store net sales calculation.

We include expanded and relocated stores in the calculation of our comparable store net sales. Our flat comparable store net sales are primarily attributable to the positive impact of relocated or expanded stores offset by a decrease in traffic, which we believe was caused by declining consumer confidence and store closings resulting from inclement weather.

The following table summarizes our store openings and closings and our relocations and expansions for the first quarters of 2001 and 2000:

Period -----	Traditional Store Openings -----	Larger Format Store Openings -----	Total Store Openings -----	Store Closings -----	Relocations and Expansions -----	Squ Foo Inc ---
First Quarter 2001	16	44	60	8	31	6
First Quarter 2000	37	22	59	1	21	5

We define our larger format stores as those with at least 7,000 gross square feet. At March 31, 2001, we operate 1,781 stores with 10.5 million total gross square feet. Approximately 444, or 25%, of our stores at March 31, 2001 are our larger format stores.

We believe that our comparable store net sales may decrease as much as 10% in the second quarter of 2001, remain flat in the third quarter and increase approximately 2% to 3% in the fourth quarter.

10

We expect to increase our total gross square footage approximately 27% to 29% in 2001. Our management anticipates that future net sales growth will come mostly from square footage growth related to new store openings and expansion of existing stores.

Gross Profit. Gross profit increased \$17.9 million in the first quarter of 2001 compared to the same period in 2000, an increase of 15.8%. Our gross profit as a percentage of net sales is called our gross profit margin. Our gross profit margin decreased 0.8% to 33.9% in the first quarter of 2001 compared to the first quarter of 2000. The decrease in gross profit margin is primarily due to the following:

- o inventory shrink, temporary workforce inefficiencies and continuing challenges in operating our Philadelphia distribution center; and
- o an increase in occupancy costs, as a percentage of net sales, primarily as a result of flat comparable store net sales for the quarter.

The above decreases in gross margin were partially offset by improved merchandise costs, which includes freight costs.

Edgar Filing: DOLLAR TREE STORES INC - Form 10-Q

In addition to the shrink experienced at our Philadelphia distribution center, we experienced higher than normal shrink in our Philadelphia area stores, our larger format stores and our stores in urban areas. We believe that our overall shrink may increase as a percentage of net sales as larger format stores become a larger percentage of our store base. We believe the increased shrink in our larger format stores results from the increased visibility of the store and from carrying a higher percentage of needs-based consumable merchandise.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses, excluding depreciation and amortization, increased by \$20.0 million in the first quarter of 2001 compared to the same period in 2000, an increase of 24.5%. Expressed as a percentage of net sales, selling, general and administrative expenses, excluding depreciation and amortization, was 26.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2001 compared to 25.0% for the three months ended March 31, 2000. The increase in operating expenses is primarily due to loss of leverage resulting from flat comparable store net sales. In addition, certain expenses, including repairs and maintenance, store supplies (primarily resulting from opening larger stores), and workers' compensation and health insurance, increased disproportionately with our growth rate.

Depreciation and amortization increased by \$3.1 million to 3.1% as a percentage of net sales, for the three months ended March 31, 2001 compared to 2.7% for the three months ended March 31, 2000. The increase as a percentage of net sales was primarily due to the following:

- o loss of leverage resulting from flat comparable store net sales; and
- o increased depreciation expense associated with relocated and expanded stores.

11

Operating Income. Our operating income decreased by \$5.3 million during the first quarter of 2001 compared to the first quarter of 2000, a decrease of 22.7%. As a percentage of net sales, operating income decreased to 4.6% in the first quarter of 2001 compared to 7.1% in the same period of 2000. This decrease was caused by the decrease in gross profit margin and increase in selling, general and administrative expenses discussed above.

Interest Income/Expense. Interest income decreased to \$1.7 million in the first quarter of 2001 from \$1.8 million in the first quarter of 2000. This decrease resulted from slightly lower levels of cash and cash equivalents throughout the three months ended March 31, 2001 compared with the three months ended March 31, 2000 and a decrease in the rate earned on those investments. Interest expense decreased to \$1.3 million in the first quarter of 2001 from \$2.3 million in the first quarter of 2000. This decrease resulted from the repayment of approximately \$28 million in debt during the second quarter of 2000 and a decrease in the amount outstanding on our revolving credit facilities in the first quarter of 2001 compared to the first quarter of 2000.

Income Taxes. Our effective tax rate decreased to 38.5% for the first quarter of 2001 from 38.6% for the first quarter of 2000. The rate decreased because Dollar Express's effective rate in the first quarter of 2000 was higher than Dollar Tree's.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our business requires capital to open new stores and operate existing stores. Our working capital requirements for existing stores are seasonal in nature and typically reach their peak in the months of September and October. Historically, we have satisfied our seasonal working capital requirements for existing stores and funded our store opening and relocation and expansion programs from internally generated funds and borrowings under our credit facilities.

Edgar Filing: DOLLAR TREE STORES INC - Form 10-Q

The following table compares cash-related information for the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2001	2000
	(in millions)	
Net cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities.....	\$(89.1)	\$(87.0)
Investing activities.....	(26.3)	(18.0)
Financing activities.....	0.2	7.1

The \$2.1 million increase in cash used for operating activities was primarily the result of an increase in expenditures for inventory. The increase in inventory purchases compared to the prior year period is less than our square footage growth primarily because:

- o we are managing our inventory to appropriate levels given the sales results during the fourth quarter of 2000 and first quarter of 2001; and
- o new square footage growth requires less inventory per square foot as more of our new stores are our larger format stores.

12

Cash used in investing activities is generally expended to open new stores. The \$8.3 million increase in capital expenditures for the three months ended March 31, 2001 compared to the same period in 2000 was primarily the result of the following:

- o an increase in the average size of new stores opened in 2001;
- o an increase in the number of relocations and expansions;
- o investments made to improve our supply chain processes; and
- o the conversion of 20 Dollar Express stores.

The \$6.9 million decrease in cash provided by financing activities was primarily the result of the following:

- o We did not draw on our line of credit during the first quarter of 2001 as we did in the first quarter of 2000. The \$6.0 million drawn on the line of credit in the prior year was used to support Dollar Express's operations prior to the acquisition on May 5, 2000.
- o We received \$2.3 million less cash pursuant to stock-based compensation plans in the first quarter of 2001 compared to the first quarter of 2000 because of decreased stock option exercises, which resulted from our decreased stock price as compared to the prior year period.
- o We paid \$1.4 million less in debt repayments and facility fees compared to the prior year first quarter.

At March 31, 2001, our borrowings under our senior notes and bonds were \$43.0 million and we had \$50.0 million available through our bank facility. Of the \$125.0 million available under the Letter of Credit Reimbursement and Security Agreement, approximately \$47.3 million was committed for routine purchases of imported merchandise.

Revolving Credit Facility and Letters of Credit

Edgar Filing: DOLLAR TREE STORES INC - Form 10-Q

Effective March 12, 2001, we entered into a new revolving credit facility with our banks, which provides for a \$50.0 million unsecured revolving credit facility to be used for working capital requirements. The facility bears interest at the agent bank's prime interest rate or LIBOR plus a spread, at our option. The facility, among other things, requires the maintenance of specified ratios, restricts the payments of certain distributions and limits certain types of debt we can incur. It terminates on March 11, 2002.

Also, effective March 12, 2001, we entered into a Letter of Credit Reimbursement and Security Agreement that provides \$125.0 million for letters of credit, which are generally issued in relation to routine purchases of imported merchandise. The agreement terminates on March 11, 2002.

Operating Leases

Effective March 12, 2001, we entered into an operating lease facility for \$165.0 million, of which approximately \$93.0 million was committed to the Stockton, Briar Creek and Savannah distribution centers. This facility replaced

13

the operating lease agreements for our Stockton, Briar Creek and Savannah distribution centers. The termination date of this operating lease facility is March 2006. As a result, the lease expiration date for the Stockton, Briar Creek and Savannah distribution centers is now March 2006. The lease facility, among other things, requires the maintenance of certain specified financial ratios, restricts the payment of certain distributions and limits certain types of debt we can incur.

Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

We are exposed to various types of market risk in the normal course of our business, including the impact of interest rate changes and foreign currency rate fluctuations. We may enter into interest rate swaps to manage our exposure to interest rate changes, and we may employ other risk management strategies, including the use of foreign currency forward contracts. We do not enter into derivative instruments for any purpose other than cash flow hedging purposes. However, certain of our interest rate swaps do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment under SFAS No. 133, as amended by SFAS No. 138, because they contain provisions that "knockout" the swap when the variable interest rate exceeds a predetermined rate.

Interest Rate Risk

On April 12, 2001, we entered into a \$25.0 million interest rate swap agreement to manage the risk associated with interest rate fluctuations on a portion of our \$165.0 million operating lease facility. The swap creates the economic equivalent of a fixed rate lease by converting the variable interest rate to a fixed rate. Under this agreement, we pay interest to a financial institution at a fixed rate of 5.43%. In exchange, the financial institution pays us at a variable interest rate, which approximates the floating rate on the lease agreement, excluding the credit spread. The interest rate on the swap is subject to adjustment monthly consistent with the interest rate adjustment on the operating lease facility. The swap is effective through March 2006.

The following table summarizes the financial terms of our interest rate swap agreements and their fair values at March 31, 2001:

Hedging Instrument -----	Receive Variable -----	Pay Fixed -----	Knockout Rate ----	Expiration -----	F
--------------------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------	--------------------------	---------------------	---

Edgar Filing: DOLLAR TREE STORES INC - Form 10-Q

\$19.0 million interest rate swap	LIBOR	4.88%	7.75%	4/1/09
\$10.0 million interest rate swap	LIBOR	6.45%	7.41%	6/2/04
\$5.0 million interest rate swap	LIBOR	5.83%	7.41%	6/2/04
\$25.0 million interest rate swap	LIBOR	5.43%	N/A	3/12/06

Management cannot predict the changes in fair value of our interest rate swaps.

14

Foreign Currency Risk

There have been no material changes to our market risk exposures resulting from foreign currency transactions during the three months ended March 31, 2001.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

We are defendants in ordinary routine litigation and proceedings incidental to our business. From time to time, the Consumer Products Safety Commission requires us to recall products. We are currently in the process of recalling one product. On several occasions, products we sold have been alleged to cause injuries, but there are no pending or threatened injury claims. Some products we sold have also been alleged to infringe the intellectual property rights of others. We are currently defending claims by parties who have alleged that products we sold violated their intellectual property rights. We do not believe that any of these matters are individually or in the aggregate material to us.

Item 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K.

(a) Exhibits.

None.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K:

The following reports on Form 8-K were filed during the first quarter of 2001:

1. Report on Form 8-K filed January 12, 2001, included the sales results for the quarter and year ended December 31, 2000
2. Report on Form 8-K, filed January 26, 2001, included the earnings results for the quarter and year ended December 31, 2000
3. Report on Form 8-K filed March 16, 2001, included a first quarter 2001 outlook

Also, in the second quarter of 2001, we filed one report on Form 8-K:

1. Report on Form 8-K, filed April 26, 2001, included the earnings results for the quarter ended March 31, 2001 and an outlook for the

Edgar Filing: DOLLAR TREE STORES INC - Form 10-Q

remainder of 2001

15

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

DATE: May 11, 2001

DOLLAR TREE STORES, INC.

By: /s/ Frederick C. Coble

Frederick C. Coble
Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer
(principal financial and accounting officer)

16