CONSOL ENERGY INC Form 10-O May 01, 2002

> UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2002 or

[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to _____

Commission File Number: 001-14901

CONSOL Energy Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 51-0337383

(State or other jurisdiction of

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

incorporation or organization)

1800 Washington Road, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15241 (Address of principal executive offices including zip code)

(412) 831-4000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes X No

As of April 26, 2002, there were 78,712,374 shares of Common Stock, \$.01 par value, outstanding.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME	
(Unaudited) (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)	
Three Months Ended March 31,	
2002 2001	
Sales - Outside \$ 507,194 \$ 573,413	
Sales - Related Parties 4 3,517 Freight - Outside 36,432 31,973 Freight - Related Parties 662	

Other Income

Total Revenue		552,001		627,936
Cost of Goods Sold and Other		332,001		027,930
Operating Charges		364,902		421,415
Freight Expense		36,432		•
Selling, General and Administrative		,		,
Expense		16,657		14,287
Depreciation, Depletion and		,		,
Amortization		66,457		60,631
Interest Expense		10,137		14,662
Taxes Other Than Income		50 , 725		37 , 235
Export Sales Excise Tax Resolution				(95 , 292)
Total Costs		545,310		
Earnings Before Income Taxes		6,691		
Income Taxes		•		41,563
				•
Net Income		5,501		
Basic Earnings Per Share		0.07		
	==:		==	
Dilutive Earnings Per Share		0.07		
Weighted Average Number of	==:	======	==	======
Common Shares Outstanding:				
Basic	78	,704,593	78	8,616,575
24010		=======		=======
Dilutive	78	,909,819	7	9,201,793
		======		=======
Dividends Paid Per Share	\$	0.28	\$	0.28
	==:		==	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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CONSOL ENERGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	(Unaudited) March 31, 2002	December 31, 2001
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 24,298	\$ 15 , 582
Accounts and Notes Receivable:		
Trade	220,987	220,442
Other Receivables	132,484	123,354
Inventories	183,618	113,894
Deferred Income Taxes	54,794	54,708
Recoverable Income Taxes	3,904	
Prepaid Expenses	57,060	42,274
Total Current Assets	677,145	570,254
Property, Plant and Equipment:		
Property, Plant and Equipment Less - Accumulated Depreciation,	5,520,032	5,413,960
Depletion and Amortization	2,626,793	2,498,650

	=======	=======
Total Assets	\$4,384,872	\$4,297,594
Total Other Assets	814,488	812 , 030
Other	119,968	120,813
Investment in Affiliates	82 , 515	77,667
Advance Mining Royalties	92,356	92,644
Deferred Income Taxes	519 , 649	520,906
Other Assets:		
Equipment - Net	2,893,239	2,915,310
Total Property, Plant and		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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CONSOL ENERGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	(Unaudited) March 31, 2002	December 31, 2001
LIABILITIES AND		
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$ 142,527	\$ 171 , 741
Short-Term Notes Payable		77,869
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	49,948	72,771
Accrued Income Taxes		4,799
Other Accrued Liabilities		313,568
Total Current Liabilities	756 , 262	640,748
Long-Term Debt:		
Long-Term Debt	466,157	464,187
Capital Lease Obligations	7,496	8,482
Total Long-Term Debt	473,653	472 , 669
Deferred Credits and Other Liabilities:		
Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions	1,437,849	1,417,567
Pneumoconiosis Benefits	461,187	459 , 776
Mine Closing	334,108	333,738
Workers' Compensation	280,625	269,075
Deferred Revenue	216,043	227,595
Reclamation	9,988	13,744
Other	159 , 198	191,123
Total Deferred Credits and Other Liabilities	2,898,998	2,912,618

Stockholders' Equity:

Common Stock, \$.01 par value;

500,000,000 Shares Authorized; 80,267,558 Issued and 78,712,374 Outstanding at March 31, 2002;

80,267,558 Issued and 78,705,638 Outstanding		
at December 31, 2001	803	803
Preferred Stock, 15,000,000 Shares Authorized;		
None Issued and Outstanding		
Capital in Excess of Par Value	643,681	643,627
Retained Earnings (Deficit)	(334,103)	(317,566)
Other Comprehensive Loss	(36,852)	(37,659)
Common Stock in Treasury, at Cost - 1,555,184		
Shares at March 31, 2002; 1,561,920 Shares		
at December 31, 2001	(17,570)	(17,646)
Total Stockholders' Equity	255,959	271 , 559
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 4,384,872 ========	\$ 4,297,594

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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CONSOL ENERGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
----(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Common Stock	Capital in Excess of Par Value	Retained Earnings (Deficit)	Other Compre- hensive Loss
Balance -				
December 31, 2001	\$ 803	\$ 643,627	\$ (317,566)	\$ (37,659)
(Unaudited)				
Net Income			5,501	
Treasury Rate Lock				
(net of \$514 tax)				807
Treasury Stock Issued				
(6,736 shares)		54		
Dividends (\$.28 per share)			(22 , 038)	
Balance -				
March 31, 2002	\$ 803	\$ 643,681	\$ (334,103)	\$ (36,852)
	======	=======	========	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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CONSOL ENERGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)
(Dollars in thousands)

Three Months Ended March 31,

		2002 		2001
Operating Activities:				
Net Income	\$	5 - 501	Ś	100,800
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to	Y	3,301	Y	100,000
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization		66.457		60,631
Gain on the Sale of Assets				(1,700)
Amortization of Advance Mining Royalties		4,064		7 21/
Deferred Income Taxes		657		13,920
Equity in Earnings of Affiliates		560		(6,144)
Changes in Operating Assets:		300		(0/111)
Accounts and Notes Receivable		(9 675)		(106,195)
Inventories		(69.724)		673
Prepaid Expenses		(14 786)		(8,819)
Changes in Other Assets		3 , 066		14,732
Changes in Operating Liabilities:		3,000		11,752
Accounts Payable		(29 21/1)		4,229
Other Operating Liabilities		63,195		
Changes in Other Liabilities		13,532		(3,617) 52,734
Other		(2,425)		1,110
other		(2,423)		
		25 , 409		28 , 768
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		30,910		129,568
Investing Activities:		(70, 260)		(50,005)
Capital Expenditures				(50,095)
Additions to Advance Mining Royalties		(3 , 776)		(1,805)
Acquisition of Line Creek Mine Joint Venture		.=		(550)
Investment in Equity Affiliates				5,967
Proceeds from Sales of Assets		949		(6 , 620)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities		(78 , 595)		(53,103)
Pinanaian Pakinikian				
Financing Activities: Payments on Commercial Paper - Net		(144 750)		(48,693)
Payments on Miscellaneous Borrowings				(1,145)
				(1,143)
Payments on Long Term Notes Proceeds from Long Term Notes		(23,000) 246,310		
Dividends Paid				(22 005)
		(22,025)		(22,005)
Proceeds from Treasury Rate Lock		1,332		
Payments for Bond Issuance Costs		(596)		401
Issuance of Treasury Stock		117		421
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities		56,401		(71,422)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		8,716		5,043
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period		15,582		10,252
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$	24,298	Ś	15 , 295
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2002

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three-month period ended March 31, 2002 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for future periods.

The balance sheet at December 31, 2001 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all the footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes for the transitional period ended December 31, 2001 included in CONSOL Energy Inc.'s (CONSOL Energy) Form 10-K, as filed on March 29, 2002.

CONSOL Energy changed from a fiscal year ending June 30 to a fiscal year ending December 31. CONSOL Energy had a transitional period ending December 31, 2001. CONSOL Energy's first full year ending December 31 started January 1, 2002 and ends December 31, 2002. CONSOL Energy has made this change in order to align its fiscal year with that of RWE AG, which beneficially owns directly or through subsidiaries approximately 74% of the common stock of CONSOL Energy.

Certain reclassifications of the prior year's data have been made to conform to the three months ended March 31, 2002 classifications.

NOTE 2 - ACQUISITION:

On December 7, 2001, in order to expand its international market share, CONSOL Energy purchased for \$17,950, a 50% interest in the Glennies Creek Mine, which is currently under development in New South Wales, Australia. Glennies Creek produces a high fluidity coking coal that will be sold primarily to steel makers in the Asia-Pacific region. The acquisition has been accounted for as a purchase and accordingly, since the date of acquisition the operating results of Glennies Creek Mine have been included in CONSOL Energy's consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Pro forma net income and earnings per share of CONSOL Energy, after giving effect to certain purchase accounting adjustments, would not materially change for the three months ended March 31, 2001.

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On August 22, 2001, in order to expand existing gas operations, CONSOL Energy purchased the remaining 50% interest in the coalbed methane reserves and the remaining 25% interest in the production and gathering assets in southwestern Virginia of Pocahontas Gas Partnership and Cardinal States Gathering Company for \$155,312. Prior to the acquisition, CONSOL Energy owned 50% and 75%, respectively, of these two entities. The acquisition has been accounted for as a purchase and, accordingly, the operating results for the portion of Pocahontas Gas Partnership and Cardinal States Gathering Company previously reported on the

equity method and the newly acquired portions have been included in CONSOL Energy's operating results using full consolidation since the date of acquisition. The pro forma results, assuming the acquisition of the interests in these entities had occurred January 1, 2001, are estimated to be:

Pro forma
Three Months Ended
March 31, 2001

Revenues

Revenues

\$650,659

Net income
\$104,795

Net income per common share:
Basic
Diluted

\$1.33
\$1.32

The pro forma results are not necessarily indicative of what actually would have occurred if the acquisition of the interest in these entities had been completed as of the beginning of the period presented, nor are they necessarily indicative of future consolidated results.

On July 2, 2001, CONSOL Energy entered into agreements with American Electric Power to supply coal to various American Electric Power coal-fired power plants. CONSOL Energy purchased, for a nominal amount, the stock of Windsor Coal Company, Southern Ohio Coal Company and Central Ohio Coal Company, subsidiaries of American Electric Power which owns mines in Ohio and West Virginia. Under the agreements, CONSOL Energy will supply approximately 34 million tons of coal through 2008. These tons will be supplied by the former American Electric Power affiliated mines and by other CONSOL Energy mines. The former American Electric Power affiliated mines all have limited economically mineable reserves. The Meigs 31 mine of Southern Ohio Coal Company was closed on October 24, 2001 and the Muskingham surface mine of Central Ohio Coal Company closed on December 14, 2001. The Meigs 2 mine of Southern Ohio Coal Company closed on March 6, 2002. CONSOL Energy will expand its McElroy and Robinson Run Mines to meet the new supply agreement requirements as the former American Electric Power mines deplete.

As part of this acquisition, CONSOL Energy assumed approximately \$239,000 of long-term liabilities related to employee and mine closure liabilities in this acquisition, as well as other current liabilities. American Electric Power paid CONSOL Energy \$336,000 in cash. Subsequent to the acquisition, the cash included as part of the acquisition was used by CONSOL Energy to reduce a portion of its short-term debt. For income tax purposes, an election was made to treat the stock acquisition as a purchase of assets. Therefore, an income tax liability was recognized as part of the acquisition based upon the excess of the assets received over the tax liabilities assumed. The acquisition has been accounted for as a purchase and, accordingly, the operating results of Windsor Coal Company, Southern Ohio Coal Company and Central Ohio Coal Company have been included in CONSOL Energy's operating results

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since the date of acquisition. The pro forma results, assuming the acquisition of the interests in these entities had occurred January 1, 2001, are estimated to be:

Pro forma
Three Months Ended
March 31, 2001
-----Revenues \$714,544
Net income \$104,008
Net income per common share:
Basic \$1.32
Diluted \$1.31

The pro forma results are not necessarily indicative of what actually would have

occurred if the acquisition of the interest in these entities had been completed as of the beginning of the period presented, nor are they necessarily indicative of future consolidated results.

NOTE 3 - INCOME TAXES:

The following is a reconciliation, stated as a percentage of pretax income of the U. S. statutory federal income tax rate to CONSOL Energy's effective tax rate:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2002	2001
Statutory U. S. federal income tax rate Excess tax depletion Nonconventional fuel tax credit Net effect of state tax Net effect of foreign tax Other	35.0 % (29.7) 5.0 8.4 (0.9)	
Effective Income Tax Rate	17.8 % =====	29.2 % ======

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NOTE 4 - INVENTORIES:

The components of inventories consist of the following:

	March 31, 2002	December 31, 2001
Coal Merchandise for resale Supplies	\$ 105,304 21,565 56,749	\$ 33,897 21,816 58,181
Total Inventories	\$ 183,618 ======	\$ 113,894 ========

NOTE 5 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

CONSOL Energy has various purchase commitments for materials, supplies and items of permanent investment incidental to the ordinary conduct of business. Such commitments are not at prices in excess of current market values.

One of CONSOL Energy's subsidiaries, Fairmont Supply Company, which distributes industrial supplies, currently is named as a defendant in a number of asbestos cases in state courts in Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia and Mississippi. Because a very small percentage of products manufactured by third parties and supplied by Fairmont in the past may have contained asbestos and many of the pending claims are part of mass complaints filed by hundreds of plaintiffs against a hundred or more defendants, it has been difficult for Fairmont to determine how many of the cases actually involve valid claims or plaintiffs who were actually exposed to asbestos-containing products supplied by Fairmont. In addition, while Fairmont may be entitled to indemnity or contribution in certain jurisdictions from manufacturers of identified products, the availability of such indemnity or contribution is unclear at this time and, in recent years, some of the manufacturers named as defendants in these actions have sought protection from these claims under bankruptcy laws. Fairmont has no insurance coverage with respect to these asbestos cases. To date, payments by Fairmont

with respect to asbestos cases have not been material. However, there cannot be any assurance that payments in the future with respect to pending or future asbestos cases will not be material to the financial position, results of operations or cash flows of CONSOL Energy.

CONSOL Energy is subject to various lawsuits and claims with respect to such matters as personal injury, wrongful death, damage to property, exposure to hazardous substances, governmental regulations including environmental remediation, employment and contract disputes, and other claims and actions arising out of the normal course of business. In addition, CONSOL Energy has recognized a liability related to a waste disposal site and accrued \$3,275 in Other Liabilities. CONSOL Energy has paid \$1,909 cumulatively (\$358 in the three months ended March 31, 2002) related to the remediation of this waste disposal site and, accordingly, reduced the liability to \$1,366. In the opinion of management, the ultimate liabilities resulting from such pending lawsuits and claims will not materially affect the financial position, results of operations or cash flows of CONSOL Energy.

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NOTE 6 - SEGMENT INFORMATION:

Industry segment results for the three months ended March 31, 2002:

	Coal	Gas	All Other	Elimination
Sales - outside Sales - related parties Freight - outside	\$ 457,866 4 36,432	\$ 27,692	\$ 21,636	\$
Intersegment transfers			25,942	
Total Sales and Freight	\$ 494,302 =======	\$ 28,137	\$ 47,578 ======	\$ (26,387)
Pretax Operating Income (Loss) (A)	\$ 13,748 =======	\$ 4,487 ======	\$ (1,765)	
Segment assets (B)	\$ 2,948,028	\$ 602 , 673	\$ 208,425	
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		\$ 8,162		
Additions to property, plant and equipment		\$ 18,695 ======		

- (A) Includes equity in net income (loss) of unconsolidated equity affiliates of (\$2), (\$374) and (\$184) for Coal, Gas and All Other, respectively.
- (B) Includes investments in unconsolidated equity affiliates of \$72,434, \$9,185, and \$896 for Coal, Gas and All Other, respectively. Also, included in the Coal segment is \$72,194 of receivables related to the Export Sales Excise Tax Resolution that was primarily recognized in the year ended June 30, 2001.

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Industry segment results for the three months ended March 31, 2001:

	Coal	Gas	All Other	Elimination
Sales - outside Sales - related parties Freight - outside	3,517 31,973	\$ 43,374	\$ 35,227	\$
Freight - related parties Intersegment transfers	662	613	22,113	(22,726)
Total Sales and Freight	\$ 530,964	•	\$ 57,340	\$ (22,726)
Pretax Operating				========
Income (Loss) (C)	\$ 98,055 ======	\$ 36,403 ======	\$ (7,326) ======	
Segment assets (D)	\$2,966,918 =======	\$332 , 114	\$ 168 , 988	
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		\$ 2,008		
Additions to property, plant and equipment	\$ 37,796 =====	\$ 11,056 =====	\$ 3,888 ======	

- (C) Includes equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates of (\$777), \$8,090 and (\$1,169) for Coal, Gas and All Other, respectively. Also, included in the Coal segment is \$65,675 of income related to the Export Sales Excise Tax Resolution.
- (D) Includes investments in unconsolidated equity affiliates of \$37,532, \$183,504 and \$840 for Coal, Gas and All Other, respectively. Also, included in the Coal segment is \$68,954 of receivables related to the Export Sales Export Tax Resolution.

Reconciliation of Segment Information to Consolidated Amounts:

Operating Profit:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,			
		2002		2001
Total segment pretax operating income	\$	16,470	\$	127,132
<pre>Interest income (expense), net and other non-operating activity</pre>		(9 , 779)		15 , 231
Earnings Before Income Taxes	\$	6,691 ======	\$	142,363

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Total Assets:

	March 31,		
	2002	2001	
Total assets for reportable segments Cash and other investments	\$ 3,759,126 24,695	\$ 3,468,020 15,616	

Export sales excise tax resolution		
interest receivable	20,602	29 , 617
Deferred tax assets	574,443	375 , 499
Recoverable income taxes	3,904	
Bond issuance costs	2,102	
Total Consolidated Assets	\$ 4,384,872	\$ 3,888,752
	=========	========

NOTE 7- SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On April 17, 2002, CONSOL Energy received \$7,350 in a contract settlement. CONSOL Energy expects to recognize approximately \$7,000 of income in the quarter ended June 30, 2002 related to this settlement.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

General

Total coal sales for the three months ended March 31, 2002 were 17.4 million tons, including a portion of sales by equity affiliates, of which 16.6 million tons were produced by CONSOL Energy operations, by our equity affiliates or sold from inventory of company produced coal. This compares with total coal sales of 20.4 million tons for the three months ended March 31, 2001, of which 19.9 million tons were produced by CONSOL Energy operations, by our equity affiliates or sold from inventory of company produced coal. Demand for coal was weak due mainly to the warm weather in the eastern United States and the sluggish U. S. economy. Some of our customers have delayed shipments of coal and some electricity power plants are burning significantly less than normal amounts of coal. Inventory of company produced coal was 4.7 million tons at March 31, 2002 compared with 1.5 million tons at December 31, 2001. Average sales prices for company produced coal have increased 7.8% to \$26.44 per ton in the 2002 period from \$24.53 per ton in the 2001 period reflecting the higher prices negotiated in a more favorable coal market in the last three quarters of 2001.

Until energy markets strengthen, CONSOL Energy will reduce mine output during the remainder of 2002 by five to six million tons from planned output in order to match anticipated demand. The following mines will reduce production:

Mahoning Valley (Ohio); VP8 (Virginia); Blacksville 2 (West Virginia); Robinson Run (West Virginia); McElroy (West Virginia); Shoemaker (West Virginia); and Rend Lake (Illinois). The following mines will close permanently during the year due to the depletion of economically mineable reserves: Dilworth (Pennsylvania); Humphrey (West Virginia); and Windsor (Ohio). Meigs 2 (Ohio) closed during the 2002 period. The Loveridge mine will remain idle. CONSOL Energy also will institute additional cost control measures and defer some capital expenditure projects.

Sales volume of coalbed methane gas, including a percentage of the sales of equity affiliates equal to our interest in these affiliates, increased 24.8% to 11.0 billion cubic feet in the 2002 period compared with 8.8 billion cubic feet in the 2001 period. The increased sales volume is primarily due to higher production and sales volumes as a result of the acquisition of the 50% interest in Pocahontas Gas Partnership on August 22, 2001 that we previously did not own. Our average sales price for coalbed methane gas, including sales of equity affiliates, decreased 61.2% to \$2.62 per million British thermal units in the 2002 period compared with \$6.75 per million British thermal units in the 2001 period. Gas prices through the first quarter of 2002 were lower than levels during the first quarter of 2001 due to the slow-down of the U. S. economy, the mild winter in the eastern United States and a reduction in industrial demand.

In March 2002, we entered into an agreement to form a joint-venture with Allegheny Energy Supply Company, LLC, an affiliate of one of our largest coal customers, to build an 88-megawatt, gas-fired electric generating facility. This facility will be used for meeting peak load demands, will be built in southwest Virginia and will use coalbed methane gas that we produce. The facility is currently under construction, and operations are expected to begin in the third quarter of 2002.

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended March 31, 2002 Compared with Three Months Ended March 31, 2001

Net Income

CONSOL Energy's net income was \$6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002 compared to \$101 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001. The decrease of \$95 million primarily was due to the income recognized in the three months ended March 31, 2001 related to the export sales excise tax resolution. The decrease was also due to reduced revenue from sales of coal and coalbed methane gas, offset, in part, by reduced cost of goods sold and other charges. Sales revenue from coal were lower in the 2002 period compared to the 2001 period primarily due to a 16.9% reduction in sales volumes of company produced coal sold. Sales revenue from coalbed methane gas was also lower in the 2002 period compared to the 2001 period primarily due to a 60.6% decrease in the sales price per million British thermal unit. These reduced sales revenues were offset, in part, by a decrease in cost of goods sold and other charges related to coal sales primarily due to the reduction in sales volumes.

Revenue

Sales decreased \$70 million, or 12.1%, to \$507 million for the 2002 period from \$577 million for the 2001 period.

Revenues from the sale of company produced coal decreased \$50 million, or 10.4%, to \$429 million in the 2002 period from \$479 million in the 2001 period. The decrease in company produced coal revenue was due mainly to a decrease in the tons sold. Company produced tons sold were 16.2 million tons in the 2002 period, a 3.3 million ton, or 16.9%, decrease from the 2001 period. The decrease in tons sold was due primarily to the deferral of shipments by our customers from the first quarter of 2002 to later in the year as a result of the mild weather experienced in the first quarter. Although sales volumes have declined from the 2001 period, the average sales price per ton of company produced coal sold increased. Average sales price per ton of company produced coal increased 7.8% to \$26.44 per ton for the 2002 period from \$24.53 per ton for the 2001 period. The increase in average sales price reflects the higher prices negotiated in a more favorable coal market during the last three quarters of 2001.

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Revenues from the sale of gas decreased 36.2%, or \$15 million, to \$28 million in the 2002 period compared to \$43 million in the 2001 period. The decrease was primarily due to the decrease in average sales price. The average sales price was \$2.61 per million British thermal unit for the 2002 period, a 60.6%, or \$4.01 decrease compared to \$6.62 per million British thermal unit for the 2001 period. The decrease in average sales price was primarily due to reduced demand for gas caused by the slow-down of the U.S. economy, the mild winter and a reduction in industrial demand. The reduction in average sales price was offset, in part, by higher volumes of gas sold as a result of the August 22, 2001 acquisition of the remaining 50% interest in Pocahontas Gas Partnership. Sales volumes were 10.9 billion cubic feet, a 61.1%, or 4.1 billion cubic feet increase from the 2001 period.

Revenues from the sale of industrial supplies decreased \$13 million, or 43.0%,

to \$18 million in the 2002 period from \$31 million in the 2001 period primarily due to reduced sales volumes. During the year ended June 30, 2001, the physical assets, inventory and operations associated with 18 industrial and store management sites of Fairmont Supply Company were sold.

These decreases in revenues were partially offset by increased revenues from the sale of purchased coal. Revenues from the sale of purchased coal increased by \$9 million, or 47.7%, to \$29 million in the 2002 period from \$20 million in the 2001 period. Sales volumes increased to 0.8 million tons in the 2002 period from 0.6 million tons in the 2001 period. The average sales price per ton of purchased coal increased 4.1% to \$35.14 per ton for the 2002 period from \$33.76 per ton for the 2001 period. The increase in price per ton of purchased coal in the 2002 period reflects higher prices negotiated in a more favorable coal market during the last three quarters of 2001.

Freight revenue, outside and related party, increased 11.6% to \$36 million for the 2002 period from \$33 million in the 2001 period. Freight revenue is based on weight of coal shipped, negotiated freight rates and method of transportation (i.e., rail, barge, truck, etc.) used for the customers that CONSOL Energy contractually provides transportation services. Freight revenue is the amount billed to customers for transportation costs incurred.

Other income, which consists of interest income, gain or loss on the disposition of assets, equity in earnings of affiliates, service income, royalty income, rental income and miscellaneous income, was \$8 million in the 2002 period compared to \$18 million in the 2001 period. The decrease of \$10 million, or 54.4% was primarily due to the reduction in equity in earnings of affiliates. A reduction of \$8 million in equity in earnings of affiliates was due to the August 22, 2001 purchase of the remaining 50% interest in Pocahontas Gas Partnership and the remaining 25% interest in Cardinal States Gathering Company. As a result of the acquisition, CONSOL Energy owns 100% of these entities and began to account for them as fully consolidated subsidiaries. Before the acquisition, CONSOL Energy accounted for these companies using the equity method.

Costs

Cost of Goods Sold and Other Operating Charges decreased \$56 million, or 13.4%, to \$365 million in the 2002 period compared to \$421 million in the 2001 period.

Cost of goods sold and other charges for company produced coal was \$285 million in the 2002 period, a decrease of \$22 million, or 7.7%, from \$307 million in the 2001 period. This is due primarily to a 16.9% decrease in the volume of company produced coal sold. The decrease in volume was offset, in part, by an 11.1% increase in the cost per ton produced. The increase in

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cost per ton produced is primarily due to increased labor and labor related costs primarily due to the increased man-counts related to the July 2, 2001 acquisition of mines from American Electric Power.

Cost of goods sold and other charges for closed and idle mine costs have decreased \$14 million, or 52.7%, to \$12 million in the 2002 period from \$26 million in the 2001 period. The decrease is primarily due to \$10 million of adjustments in reclamation liabilities recognized in the 2001 period as a result of updated engineering survey adjustments for closed and idled locations. The decrease in the 2002 period also reflects a \$3 million reduction in costs at the idled Loveridge mine. The 2001 period included costs related to the preparation for the reopening of Loveridge mine in the 2001 period in order to mine the remaining longwall panel.

Industrial supply cost of goods sold and other charges decreased \$13\$ million, or 42.6%, to \$18\$ million in the 2002 period compared to \$31\$ million in the 2001 period. The decrease was due to reduced sales.

Coal property holding costs decreased \$10 million, or 91.0%, to \$1 million in the 2002 period compared to \$11 million in the 2001 period. The decrease was primarily due to leasehold surrenders that occurred in the 2001 period.

Miscellaneous cost of goods sold and other operating charges also decreased \$6 million due to the incentive compensation program expense recognized in the 2001 period. This plan was designed to increase compensation to eligible employees when CONSOL Energy reaches predetermined earnings targets and the employees reach predetermined performance targets. Expense for this plan was not recognized in the 2002 period due to quarterly performance targets for the three months ended March 31, 2002 not being achieved.

These decreases in cost of goods sold and other charges were offset, in part, by increased costs for purchased coal. Purchased coal cost of goods sold and other charges increased 42.2% to \$28 million in the 2002 period from \$19 million in the 2001 period. The \$9 million increase was due mainly to a 41.9% increase in the volume of purchased coal sold. The cost per ton of purchased coal was \$33.40 per ton in the 2002 period compared to \$33.32 per ton in the 2001 period.

Cost of goods sold and other operating charges also increased by \$4\$ million in the 2002 period due to the costs related to the termination of a sales contract.

Gas operations cost of goods sold increased 5.4% to \$14 million in the 2002 period from \$13 million in the 2001 period. The increase of \$1 million was due mainly to a 61.1% increase in the volume of gas sold. The increase in volume was offset, in part, by a 34.6% reduction in the average cost per million British thermal unit sold. Average cost per million British thermal unit was \$1.30 in the 2002 period compared to \$1.99 per million British thermal unit in the 2001 period.

Freight expense increased 11.6% to \$36 million in the 2002 period from \$33 million in the 2001 period. Freight expense is based on weight of coal shipped, negotiated freight rates and method of transportation (i.e., rail, barge, truck, etc.) used for the customers that CONSOL Energy contractually provides transportation. Freight expense is billed to customers and the revenue from such billings equals the transportation expense.

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Selling, general and administrative expenses increased 16.6% to \$17 million in the 2002 period compared to \$14 million in the 2001 period. The increase of \$3 million was primarily due to increased expenses for training related to the conversion to a new integrated information technology system provided by SAP AG to support business processes. The system will be implemented in stages over the next three years at an estimated total cost of \$53 million. Also, selling, general and administrative expenses have increased in the 2002 period due to an additional commission fee that is owed on tons sold under the sales contract negotiated in relation to the July 2, 2001 acquisition of the Windsor Coal Company, Southern Ohio Coal Company, and Central Ohio Coal Company from American Electric Power.

Depreciation, depletion and amortization expense increased 9.6% to \$66 million in the 2002 period compared to \$61 million in the 2001 period. The increase of \$5 million is primarily due to the August 22, 2001 acquisition of the remaining 50% interest in Pocahontas Gas Partnership and the remaining 25% interest in the Cardinal States Gathering Company. In the 2002 period, these entities are reported as fully consolidated. In the 2001 period, these entities were reported on an equity basis.

Interest expense decreased 30.9% to \$10 million for the 2002 period compared to \$15 million for the 2001 period. The decrease of \$5 million was due primarily to lower average debt levels of commercial paper outstanding during the 2002 period compared to the 2001 period, along with a decrease of 4.0% per annum in average interest rates. Lower average debt levels resulted from the \$336 million of cash received in the acquisition of Windsor Coal Company, Southern Ohio Coal Company and Central Ohio Coal Company being used to reduce the outstanding amount of

commercial paper in July 2001. Thereafter, we increased the outstanding amount of commercial paper by the issuance of approximately \$155 million of commercial paper in August 2001 to finance the acquisition of the remaining 50% interest in Pocahontas Gas Partnership and the remaining 25% interest in the Cardinal States Gathering Company. The decrease in interest related to commercial paper was offset in part, by increased interest expense related to the March 7, 2002 issuance of \$250 million of 7.875% Notes due in 2012. The proceeds from the note issuance were used to reduce the outstanding amount of commercial paper. Interest on the notes is payable March 1 and September 1 of each year commencing September 1, 2002.

Taxes other than income increased 36.2% to \$51 million for the 2002 period compared to \$37 million for the 2001 period. The increase of \$14 million was due primarily to increased excise taxes, real estate and personal property taxes, and state reclamation fee taxes, in the 2002 period. Due to certain export excise taxes being declared unconstitutional, \$11 million of prior year accruals related to these taxes, which were not paid and were no longer owed, were reversed in the 2001 period. Real estate and personal property taxes have increased approximately \$1 million in the 2002 period compared to the 2001 period. The increase is primarily due to the acquisition of Windsor Coal Company, Southern Ohio Coal Company, Central Ohio Coal Company, the remaining 50% of the Pocahontas Gas Partnership, and the remaining 25% of Cardinal States Gathering Company. Reclamation fee taxes have also increased approximately \$1 million due to an increase in the rate per ton owed on tons produced in West Virginia. The rate in the 2002 period is \$0.14 per ton compared to \$0.03 per ton in the 2001 period.

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CONSOL Energy is no longer required to pay certain excise taxes on export coal sales. We have filed claims with the Internal Revenue Service seeking refunds for these excise taxes that were determined to be unconstitutional and were paid during the period 1991 through 1999. During the 2001 period, we recognized \$65 million of pre-tax earnings net of other charges and \$30 million of interest income related to these claims.

Income Taxes

Income taxes were \$1 million in the 2002 period compared to \$42 million in the 2001 period. The decrease of \$41 million was due mainly to lower pre-tax income with little loss of percentage depletion tax benefits. Our effective tax rate is sensitive to changes in annual profitability and percentage depletion.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

CONSOL Energy generally has satisfied its working capital requirements and funded its capital expenditures and debt service obligations from cash generated from operations. CONSOL Energy believes that cash generated from operations and its borrowing capacity will be sufficient to meet its working capital requirements, anticipated capital expenditures (other than major acquisitions), scheduled debt payments and anticipated dividend payments. Nevertheless, the ability of CONSOL Energy to satisfy its debt service obligations, to fund planned capital expenditures or pay dividends will depend upon its future operating performance, which will be affected by prevailing economic conditions in the coal and gas industries and financial, business and other factors, some of which are beyond CONSOL Energy's control.

On March 7, 2002, CONSOL Energy issued \$250 million principal amount of 7.875% notes due in 2012. The notes were issued at 99.174% of the principal amount and CONSOL Energy received approximately \$246 million of net proceeds. Interest on the notes is payable March 1 and September 1 of each year commencing September 1, 2002. Payment of the principal and premium, if any, and interest on the notes are guaranteed by several CONSOL Energy subsidiaries that incur or guarantee certain indebtedness. The notes are senior unsecured obligations and will rank equally with all other unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness of the guarantors. CONSOL Energy paid approximately \$4 million for debt issuance costs

related to these notes. The debt issuance costs are being amortized using the interest method. In connection with the issuance of these notes, CONSOL Energy entered into a financial derivative contract that essentially fixed the underlying treasury rate at 4.928%. This contract resulted in a net payment of \$1.3 million to CONSOL Energy. This receipt was treated as a cash flow hedge and therefore, resulted in other comprehensive income of \$0.8 million (net of \$0.5 million deferred tax), which will be amortized to interest income over the life of the notes using the interest method.

CONSOL Energy frequently evaluates potential acquisitions. CONSOL Energy has funded acquisitions primarily with cash generated from operations and a variety of other sources, depending on the size of the transaction, including debt financing. There can be no assurance that additional capital resources, including debt financing, will be available to CONSOL Energy on terms which CONSOL Energy finds acceptable, or at all.

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Stockholders' Equity and Dividends

CONSOL Energy had stockholders' equity of \$256 million at March 31, 2002 and \$272 million at December 31, 2001. A quarterly dividend of \$0.28 per share was declared on January 24, 2002, payable to shareholders of record on February 11, 2002. This dividend was paid on February 28, 2002. A quarterly dividend of \$0.28 per share was declared on April 25, 2002, payable to shareholders of record on May 10, 2002. This dividend will be paid on May 30, 2002. The Board of Directors currently intends to continue paying quarterly dividends on the common stock.

Cash Flows

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$31 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002 compared to \$130 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001. The change in net cash provided by operating activities is primarily due to the decreases in net income and increases to inventories. These decreases in operating cash flow were offset, in part, by a decrease in accounts and notes receivables and increases in other liabilities. The decrease in net income was primarily due to income from certain excise tax refunds being recognized in the 2001 period due to these taxes being declared unconstitutional. The decrease was also due to reduced revenue from sales of coal and coalbed methane gas, offset, in part, by reduced cost of goods sold and other charges. Sales revenue from coal were lower in the 2002 period compared to the 2001 period primarily due to a 16.9% reduction in sales volumes of company produced coal sold. Sales revenue from coalbed methane gas was also lower in the 2002 period compared to the 2001 period primarily due to a 60.6% decrease in the sales price per million British thermal units. These reduced sales revenues were offset, in part, by a decrease in cost of goods sold and other charges related to coal sales primarily due to the reduction in sales volumes. The increase in inventory reflects the increased inventory levels at March 31, 2002 compared to March 31, 2001 as a result of decreased demand. Company produced coal inventories were 4.7 million tons at March 31, 2002 compared to 1.5 million tons at December 31, 2001. Accounts and notes receivables decreased primarily due to receivables being recognized in the 2001 period for refunds expected on certain excise taxes that were declared unconstitutional. Approximately \$3 million of these receivables have been collected in the 2002 period. Also, other liabilities increased in the 2002 period due primarily to increases in the other post employment benefit liabilities. The other post employment benefit liabilities have increased over the prior year primarily due to changes in certain assumptions used in the actuarial calculation.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$79 million in the 2002 period compared to net cash used in investing activities of \$53 million in the 2001 period. The change in net cash provided by investing activities was primarily due to capital expenditures. Capital expenditures were \$70 million in the 2002 period compared with \$50 million in the 2001 period. Capital expenditures increased due mainly to the expansion of the McElroy preparation plant and an additional longwall at this mining complex. These additions are being completed

in preparation of increased shipments related to the sales contract signed in relation to the acquisition of the Windsor Coal Company, Southern Ohio Coal Company, and Central Ohio Coal Company. The change was also due to a use of cash for investments in equity affiliates of \$5 million in the 2002 period compared to a \$6 million source of cash in the 2001 period. This change was due mainly to cash received in the prior period from the 50% interest in Pocahontas Gas Partnership and the 75% interest in Cardinal States Gathering Company, which were accounted for as equity affiliates up until the August 22, 2002 acquisition of the remaining portion.

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The cash outflow in the 2002 period primarily represents payments made to our equity affiliates, including the Australian joint venture in Glennies Creek mine and the Canadian joint venture in Line Creek mine, for capital and other expenditures.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$56 million in the 2002 period compared with net cash used in financing activities of \$71 million in the 2001 period. The change in net cash provided by or used in financing activities primarily reflects the cash received of approximately \$246 million related to the issuance on March 7, 2002 of 7.875% notes due 2012. This receipt of cash was offset, in part by additional payments made to reduce the outstanding principal balance of commercial paper in the 2002 period compared to the 2001 period. Also, a scheduled payment of \$23 million was made on unsecured notes.

Debt

At March 31, 2002, CONSOL Energy had total long-term debt of \$524 million, including the current portion of long-term debt of \$50 million. Such long-term debt consisted of:

- . an aggregate principal amount of \$248 million (\$250 million of 7.875% notes due in 2012, net of \$2 million unamortized debt discount). The notes were issued at 99.174% of the principal amount. Interest on the notes is payable March 1 and September 1 of each year commencing September 1, 2002. Payment of the principal and premium, if any, and interest on the notes are guaranteed by several CONSOL Energy subsidiaries that incur or guarantee certain indebtedness. The notes are senior unsecured obligations and will rank equally with all other unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness of the guarantors.
- . an aggregate principal amount of \$133 million of unsecured notes which bear interest at fixed rates ranging from 8.21% to 8.28% per annum and are due at various dates between 2002 and 2007,
- . an aggregate principal amount of \$103 million of two series of industrial revenue bonds which were issued in order to finance CONSOL Energy's Baltimore port facility and bear interest at the rate of 6.50% per annum and mature in 2010 and 2011,
- . \$28 million in advance royalty commitments with an average interest rate of 8.2% per annum, and
- . an aggregate principal amount of \$12 million of capital leases with an average interest rate of 7.4% per annum.

At March 31, 2002, CONSOL Energy had an aggregate principal amount of \$178 million of commercial paper outstanding that had maturities remaining ranging from 1 to 11 days with interest at varying rates ranging from 2.20% per annum to 2.35% per annum.

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On August 17, 2001, Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations" was issued and will be effective for CONSOL Energy in the first quarter of the year ended December 31, 2003. The new rule requires the fair value of a liability for an asset retirement obligation to be recognized in the period in which it is incurred. When the liability is initially recorded, a cost is capitalized by increasing the carrying amount of the related long-lived asset. Over time, the liability is accreted to its present value each period, and the capitalized cost is depreciated over the useful life of the related asset. To settle the liability, the obligation for its recorded amount is paid or a gain or loss upon settlement is incurred. Management will be analyzing this requirement to determine the effect on CONSOL Energy's financial statements.

Forward-Looking Statements

CONSOL Energy is including the following cautionary statement in this Report on Form 10-Q to make applicable and take advantage of the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 for any forward-looking statements made by, or on behalf of CONSOL Energy. With the exception of historical matters, the matters discussed in this Report on Form 10-Q are forward-looking statements (as defined in Section 21E of the Exchange Act) that involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from projected results. In addition to other factors and matters discussed elsewhere in this Report on Form 10-Q, in CONSOL Energy's Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 29, 2002, and other periodic reports filed, these risks, uncertainties and contingencies include, but are not limited to, the following: the success or failure of CONSOL Energy's efforts to implement its business strategy; reliance on major customers and long-term contracts; the effects of market demand and price on performance; the ability to renew coal sales agreements upon expiration; the price of coal and gas sold under any new sales agreements; fluctuating sales prices; contract penalties; CONSOL Energy's ability to comply with laws or regulations requiring that it obtain surety bonds for workers' compensation, reclamation and certain other liabilities, actions of CONSOL Energy's competitors and, CONSOL Energy's ability to respond to such actions; risks inherent in mining including geological conditions and mine accidents; weather-related factors; results of litigation; the effects of government regulation; the risk of work stoppages; the risk of transportation disruptions that could impair CONSOL Energy's ability to sell coal and gas; management's ability to correctly estimate and accrue for contingent liabilities; and CONSOL Energy's ability to identify suitable acquisition candidates and to successfully finance, consummate the acquisition of, and integrate these candidates as part of its acquisition strategy.

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ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

CONSOL Energy's interest expense is sensitive to changes in the general level of interest rates in the United States. At March 31, 2002, CONSOL Energy had outstanding \$524 million aggregate principal amount of debt under fixed-rate instruments and \$178 million aggregate principal amount of debt under its variable-rate commercial paper program. CONSOL Energy's primary exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates to its commercial paper program. CONSOL Energy's commercial paper bore interest at an average rate of 2.39% per annum during the three months ended March 31, 2002. A 100 basis-point increase in the average rate for CONSOL Energy's commercial paper would have decreased CONSOL Energy's net income for the three months ended March 31, 2002 by approximately \$0.5 million.

Almost all of CONSOL Energy's transactions are denominated in U.S. dollars and, as a result, CONSOL Energy does not have material exposure to currency exchange-rate risks.

Other than the financial derivative contract related to the issuance of \$250 million principal amount of 7.875% notes due in 2012 previously discussed,

CONSOL Energy did not engage in any interest rate, foreign currency exchange rate or commodity price hedging transactions.

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PART II

OTHER INFORMATION
ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS
None.
ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS
None.
ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES
None.
ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS
None.
ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION
None.
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ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K
(a) (1) Financial Statements:
The following condensed consolidated financial statements of CONSOL Energy Inc. and subsidiaries are included in this filing on the pages indicated:
Page
Consolidated Statements of Income for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and March 31, 2001
Consolidated Balance Sheets at March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001 2

(a) (2) Financial Statement Schedules:

No financial statement schedules required to be presented by CONSOL Energy.

Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the three months ended

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right) +\left$

March 31, 2002 4

March 31, 2002 and March 31, 2001 5

(a) (3) Exhibits filed as part of this Report:

None

(b) (1) Reports on Form 8-K:

None

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CONSOL ENERGY INC.

Date: May 1, 2002

By: /s/ C. Koether

C. Koether

Executive Vice President

Date: May 1, 2002

By: /s/ W. J. Lyons

William J. Lyons, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

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